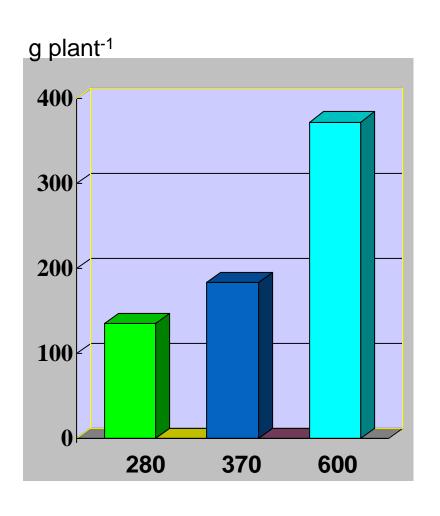
## Climate Change, Extreme Temperature Events and Chronic Diseases

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Associate Professor
University of Maryland School of Public Health
Maryland Institute for Applied Environmental Health





# Response of common ragweed to CO<sub>2</sub>



#### Pollen Production

280 ppm 4.8 g 370 ppm 10.9 g\* 600 ppm 20.5 g\*

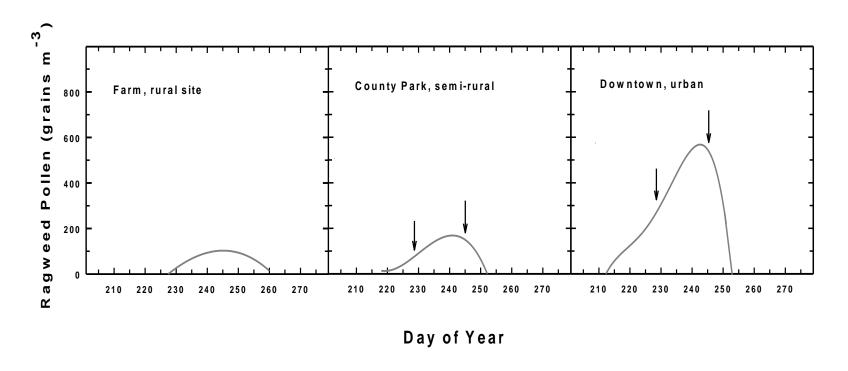
Antigen Amb a1 ELISA / mg protein

280 ppm 4490 370 ppm 5290 600 ppm 8180\*

Chamber Study, USDA
Functional Plant Biology 27:893-898
Functional Plant Biology 32:667-670

Slide Credit: Dr. Ziska, USDA

# Ragweed pollen season and concentration: Results from a natural experiment



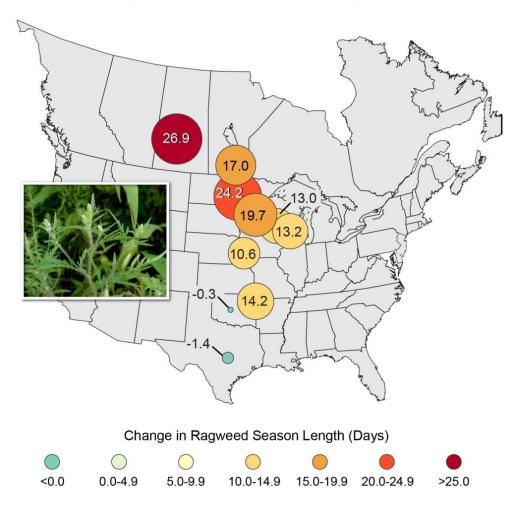
#### **Urban areas:**

- Longer growing season, and higher pollen concentration
- ➤ Warmer temperatures, and more carbon dioxide.

Credit: Dr. Ziska, USDA

# Lengthening of Ragweed Pollen Season 1995:2011

Ragweed Pollen Season Lengthens



Credit: Dr. Ziska, USDA (Ziska et al. 2011)

### Link to Chronic Diseases

#### Hay fever

- prevalence 7.5% in 2012
- Annual cost ~ \$11.2 billion in medical expenses
- impacts quality of life

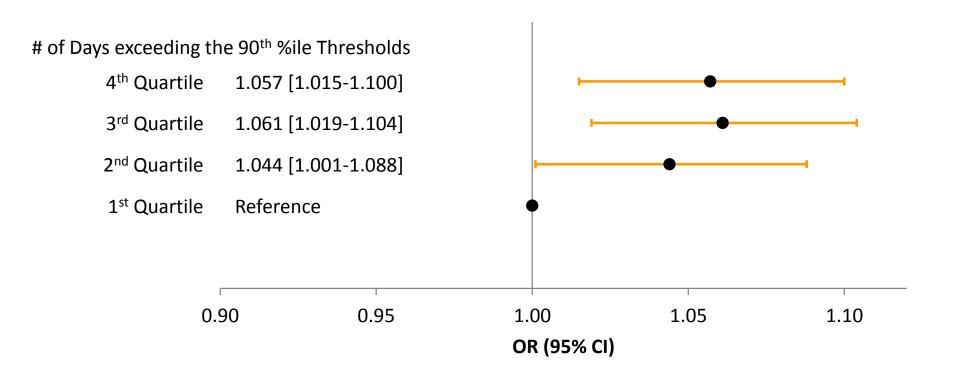
#### Asthma

- Approximately 26 million Americans suffer from asthma (8 % of US Children and 7% of Adults)
- Annual cost \$56 billion

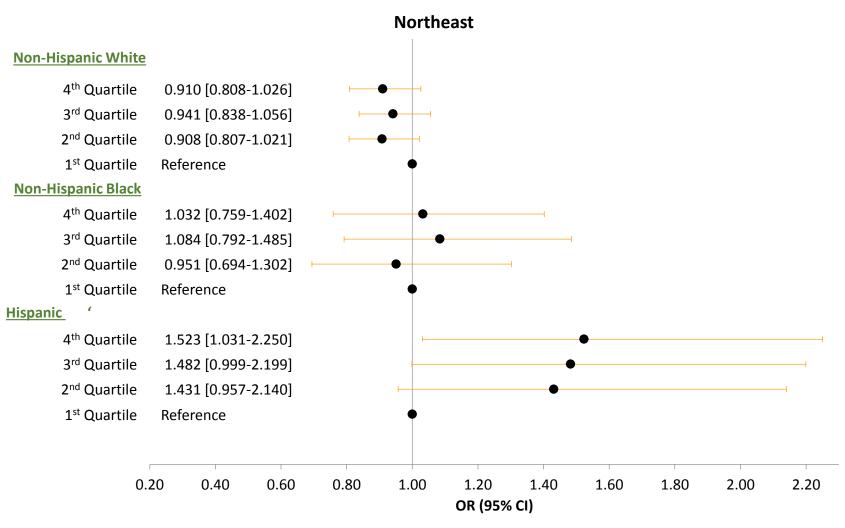
#### **Data Sources**

- Health outcome data
  - Allergic rhinitis:
    - CDC's National Interview Survey (1997-2013)
    - N = 505,386 adults 42,601(8.43%) with allergic rhinitis
  - Asthma:
    - Maryland Department of Health and Mental Hygiene (2002-2012)
    - N = 116,470 ER visits for asthma
- Extreme temperature events defined as:
  - days with Tmax exceed the 95<sup>th</sup> percentile of county and calendar month specific daily Tmax values for 1960-1989.

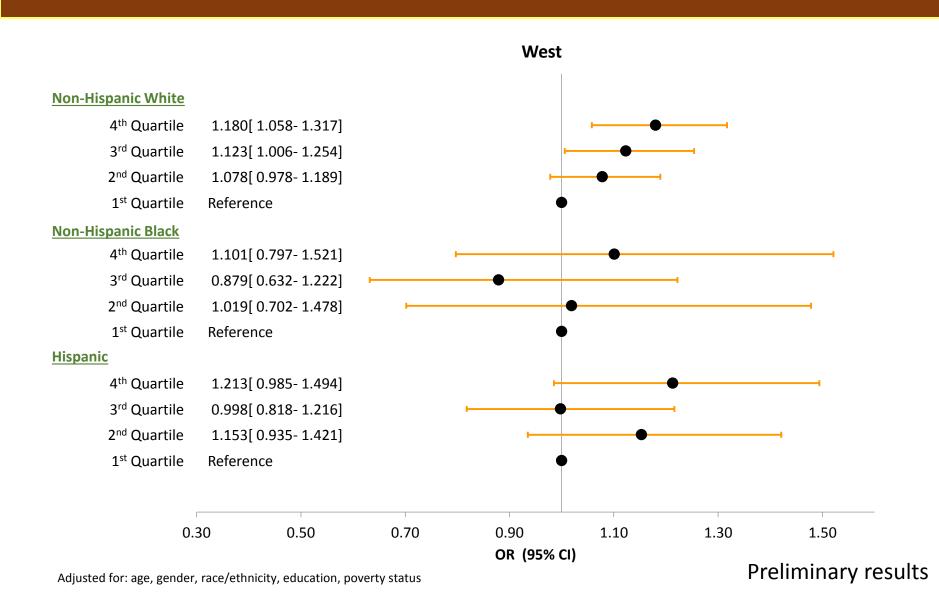
# Extreme Temperature Events and Prevalence of Hay Fever in the US



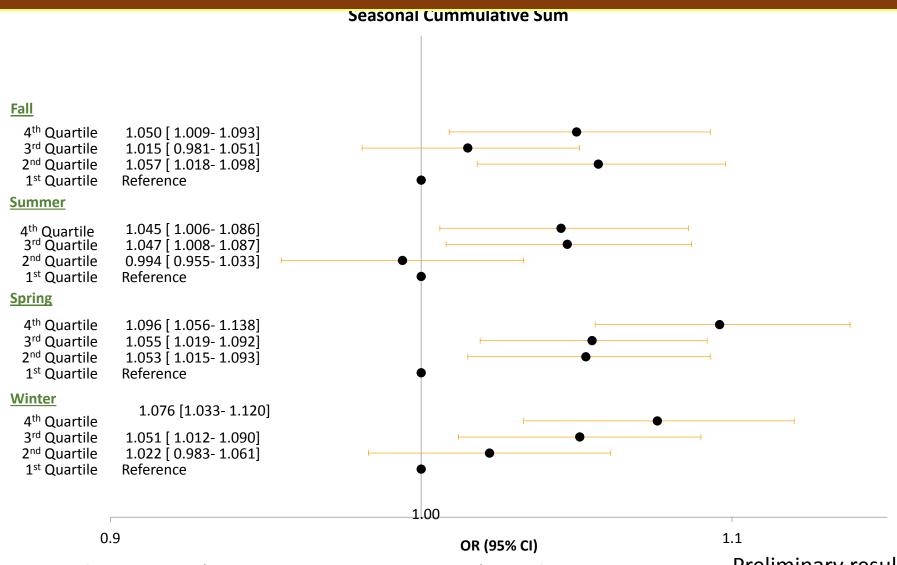
### Hay Fever by Race: Northeastern US



### Hay Fever by Race: Western US



# Seasonal Extreme Temperature Events and Hay Fever Prevalence in the US



Preliminary results

# **Extreme Temperature and ER visits for Asthma in Maryland**

Location	Year Round Odds Ratio 95% CI)	Summer Only Odds Ratio 95% CI)
Maryland	1.03 (1.00, 1.07)	1.22 (1.14, 1.32)
Baltimore City	1.10 (1.02, 1.19)	1.37 (1.14, 1.65)
Prince George's County	1.02 (0.93, 1.11)	1.19 (1.00, 1.41)
Wicomico County	0.92 (0.73, 1.15)	1.23 (0.77, 1.95)
Washington County	1.23 (0.97, 1.55)	1.76 (1.09, 2.85)

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- Jennifer Parker, PhD
- Lara Akinbami, PhD

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